

## **Product Specifications Sheet**

#### Chilas CF3 nm ultra-narrow linewidth laser

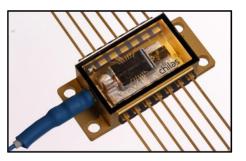


Wavelength range: 1550 nm ± 5 nm

Fiber type: PM

Connector type: FC/APC

Package: standard 14-pin butterfly USA accession number: not yet available



Part Number: N/A

Serial Number laser: MAPOxxxxxxxx Serial Number electronics: xxxxxxx

Model Number: LAX

This component complies with the applicable portions of 21 CFR 1002.10 / 21 CRF 1002.11 / 21 CRF 1002.12 21 CRF 1002.13 / 21 CRF 1002.30a / 21 CRF 1002.30b 21 CRF 1040.10 / 21 CRF 1010.2 / 21 CRF 1010.3 Since this is a component, it does not comply with all of the requirements contained in 21 CFR 1040.10 and 21 CFR 1040.11 for complete laser products.



#### 1. Introduction

Chilas develops and commercializes semiconductor external cavity lasers based on a state-of-the-art hybrid integration technology. The laser comprises an InP reflective semiconductor optical amplifier (RSOA) as gain medium and a  $Si_3N_4$  waveguide circuit as an external cavity. The RSOA is butt-coupled to the external cavity. The laser is housed in a compact, 14-pin butterfly package, benabling compatibility with any standard 14-pin laser diode mount. The single-frequency laser contains an integrated thermoelectric cooler (TEC), thermistor, and a polarization-maintaining output fibre with an FC/APC connector.

#### 2. Operation of principle

The main concept of the laser is shown in the Figure 1. On the left-hand side, there is a gain section which is high-reflective on the left-hand side and anti-reflective on the right-hand side where it is connected to a TriPleX<sup>TM</sup> Silicon Nitride external cavity waveguide chip. The external cavity has two coupled micro-ring resonators (MRRs) with slightly different FSR in the cavity to ensure stable single frequency operation by Vernier effect. On the SiN chip, there are 3 heaters are positioned, one to control the phase of the light in the cavity, and two to control the resonant wavelengths of the ring resonators Ring 1 and Ring 2, which in turn controls the output wavelength. The laser's frequency can be tuned over a large range by MRR tuning.

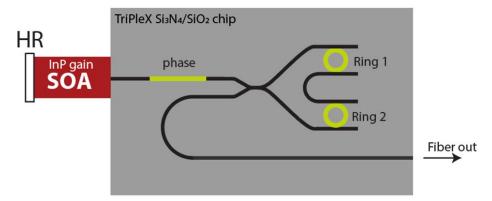


Figure 1: A schematic layout of the laser.

### 3. Optical isolation

Please note, there is no optical isolator added to the package. This laser type has an intrinsic optical isolation for the laser's wavelength ( $\pm$  0.03 nm) of ~8-10 dB, while for wavelengths different from the laser's wavelength the intrinsic optical isolation is a lot higher.





# 4. Performance and specifications

|         | Parameter   | Specified values |
|---------|---|------------------|
|         | Operating wavelength                                    | 1550 nm ± 5 nm   |
|         | Fiber-coupled output power @250 mA                      | ≥ 13 dBm         |
| Optical | Intrinsic linewidth                                     | ≤10 kHz          |
|         | Side-mode suppression ratio                             | ≥ 50dB           |
|         | Polarization extinction ratio                           | ≥ 20 dB          |
|         | Frequency drift<br>Over -5∼+75°C case temperature range | ≤ ±2.5 GHz       |

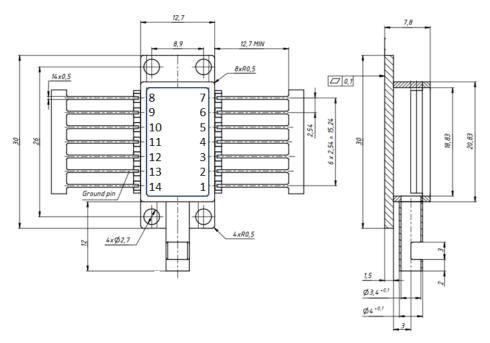
| Electronic specifications |   |          |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------|--|--|
|                           | $\Delta T_{max}$                        | 71 K     |  |  |
|                           | $Q_{max}$                               | 6.8 W    |  |  |
| Peltier element           | $I_{max}$                               | 1.8 A    |  |  |
|                           | $U_{max}$                               | 6.3 V    |  |  |
|                           | $R_t$                                   | 0.06 K/W |  |  |
|                           | $B_{value}$                             | 3935 K   |  |  |
| NTC                       | Resistance @ 25°C                       | 10 kΩ    |  |  |
|                           | $I_{max}$                               | 250 mA   |  |  |
| Gain section              | $I_{typ}$                               | 150 mA   |  |  |
|                           | Heater $V_{max}$                        | 12 V     |  |  |
| External cavity           | Number of heaters                       | 3        |  |  |
|                           | Voltage for 2.pi phase shift $V_{2\pi}$ | 11 V     |  |  |
|                           | Heater resistance R                     | ~ 250 Ω  |  |  |



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| Mechanical specifications                |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Parameters  Gold box  TEC  Pigtail fiber | Parameters   | Values   |  |
|  | Gold box   | 14-pin, butterfly-style package.   |  |
|  | TEC  | $Q_{max} = 7.4 \text{ W}$ $I_{max} = 1.8 \text{ A}$ $U_{max} = 6.3 \text{ V}$ $ACR = 2.49 \text{ V}$ |  |
|  | 50 cm PM fiber with 900 μm loose blue tubing, FC/APC connector, slow-axis alignment. |  |  |

## 5. Mechanical structure and Pinout



| Pin-out |               |    |               |  |
|---------|---------------|----|---------------|--|
| 1       | Peltier +     | 8  | LD Anode      |  |
| 2       | Heater ring 1 | 9  | LD Cathode    |  |
| 3       | Heater ring 2 | 10 | Heater phase  |  |
| 4       | Not connected | 11 | Not connected |  |



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| 5 | Not connected | 12 | Not connected |
|---|---------------|----|---------------|
| 6 | NTC-          | 13 | Heater ground |
| 7 | NYC+          | 14 | Peltier -     |

### 6. Typical results

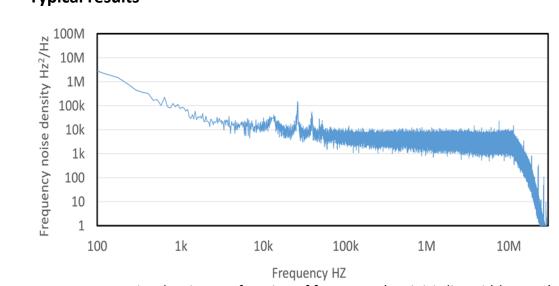


Figure 1: Frequency noise density as a function of frequency (Intrinisic linewidth 4 KHz).

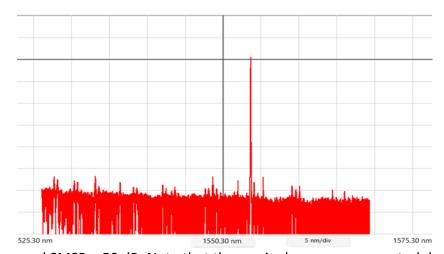


Figure 2: Measured SMSR > 50 dB. Note that the y-axis shows power spectral density, measured by an optical spectrum analyzer. It therefore does not show absolute optical power.



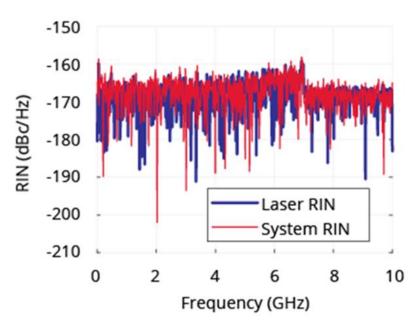


Figure 3: Typical RIN of the laser, compared to the RIN of the measurement system.

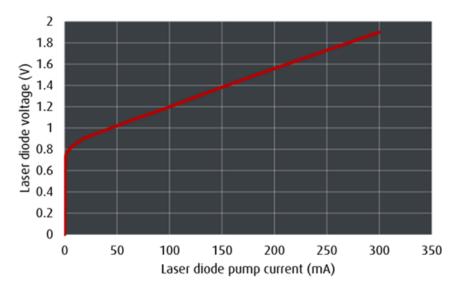


Figure 4: Typical V-I curve of the gain section.