

TraC – A disruptive new hand-held rapid measurement system to verify pharma equipment surface cleanliness

### Presented by:

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### Come see this at booth # 514



- Present method of cleaning verification
- Benefits of the direct, non-contact, surface analysis
- The method
- Automated calibration –chemical printers & mappers
- Some technical details
- On the horizon



## **Rapid Cleaning Validation/Verification (RCV)**



### **Problem:**

Cleanliness must be verified between batches. The current process uses time consuming and error prone technologies (i.e. swabbing).



## **The Solution**

## The goal

To augment or replace the present swab & test method for equipment cleaning verification with a faster and better controlled and documented method.

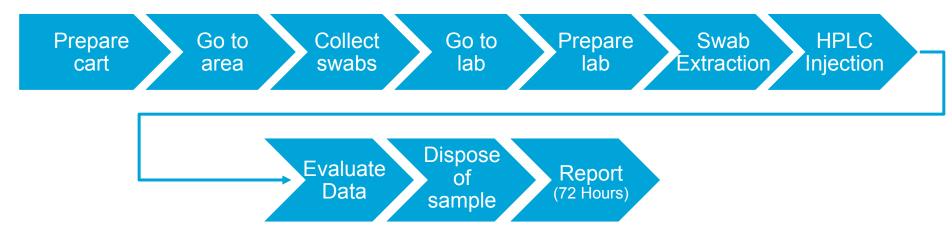
## The solution

A handheld device that quantifies trace amounts of API in real time on manufacturing surfaces. Result: Significantly reducing production down time.



### **Current and future cleaning verification in plants**

### Steps in today's traditional swab & test methods



### **Steps for today's TraC sensor**





## An introduction to RCV

### The drivers for Rapid Cleaning Verification Methods

### Quality

Reduction of human errors

•Reduction of the "art" of sample acquisition and testing

Decreased risk to production

### Safety

Decreasing the number of operationsImproving knowledgeReducing/improving cleaning cycles

### **Cycle Time**

Processing samples on the "shop floor"
Enabling business decisions at the point of process
Decreased wait time





Tricorder then vs "TraCorder" now Sensing, Computing and Recording

## **TraC: A Trace Chemical Detector**



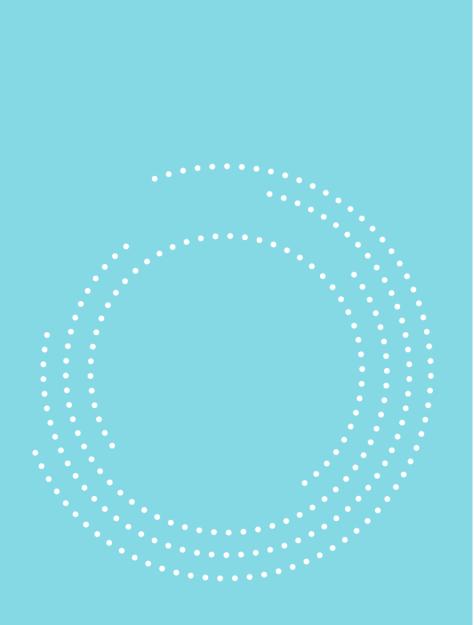












### **Benefits of TraC Sensor**

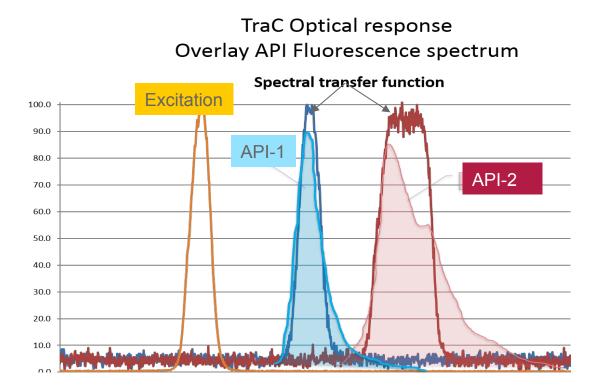
## A new way of seeing things

## Feature & benefits of TraC

- Non-contact surface analysis: 0 to 1 cm standoff.
- Hand held: < 2 lbs.</p>
- Real-time: 1 sec test time.
- In situ: inside equipment at the equipment site.
- No consumables.
- Non destructive & non-contact: does not disturb sample.
  - ✓ Allows further testing by traditional methods.
- Limit of Detection: < 1 μg/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Specificity: > 95% differentiability of APIs, excipients, etc.
- Built-in microcomputer & display.
- Built-in NIST Tracible functional test.
- GMP: good manufacturing practice.
- Long battery lifetime: > 36 hours



### The method: deep UV multichannel fluorescence





## **Method of Detection**

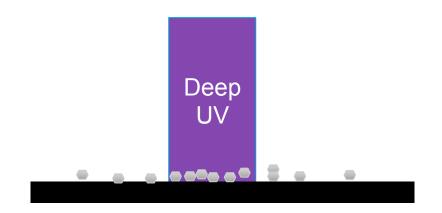
### FOR EACH SPOT/PIXEL/AREA ANALYZED:

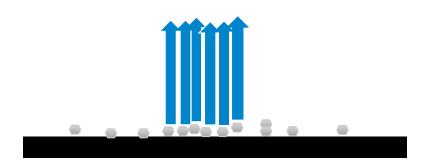
**Step 1:** Deep-UV source illuminates surface *Natural surface that may contain residual API (no preparation required)* 

**Step 2.** Deep UV interaction with sample causes native fluorescence emission, returning back to the Instrument, without the need for reagents.

**Step 3.** Collected light is collected in 180 degree backscatter, separated, and detected with a multichannel detector.

**Step 4.** Multichannel spectral data is processed & stored with site, API, & position information. Repeat for all sample locations in machine.

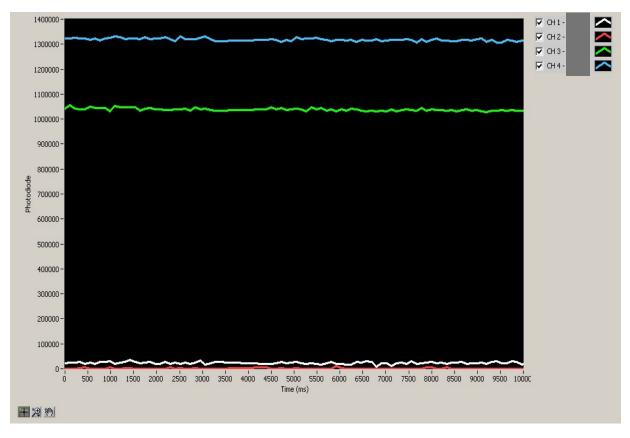






## **TraC Data Output**

Typical Signal Output by channel vs. time (pts)



Typical signal to noise for APIs is > 400.





# Taking the TraC from a data collection instrument to a calibrated instrument.

### Problem:

Generating and scanning homogenous chemical concentrations on controlled surfaces that are representative of different pharma equipment.

## **Current state of chemical printing**

## Speed

Spin Coating Inkjet Printing Spray Coating Ultrasonic Piezo Printing

## Uniformity

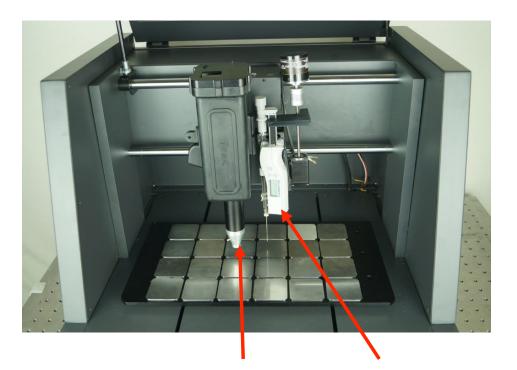
### **Chem-Printer**

Manual Deposition





## **ChemCal: A chemical printer & mapper**



### **Operational Scenario:**

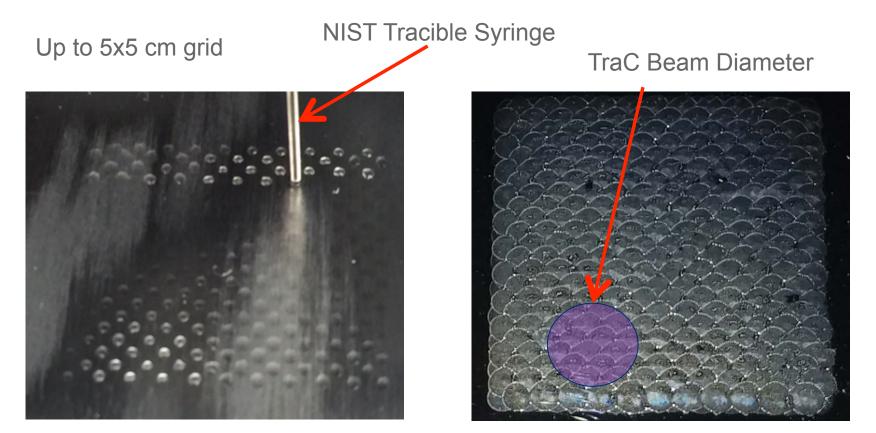
- Load APIs in Eppendorf rack.
- Load coupons onto tray.
- Press Start.
- The system outputs a full calibration curve in under 3 hours.
   (Print and scan 18 coupons.)

TraC sensor ChemPrint head on common XY mapping stage

### Come see this at booth # 514



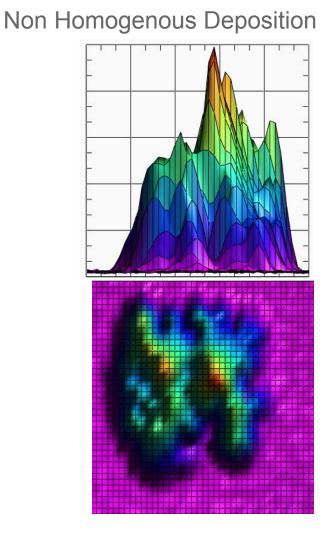
## **Printing**



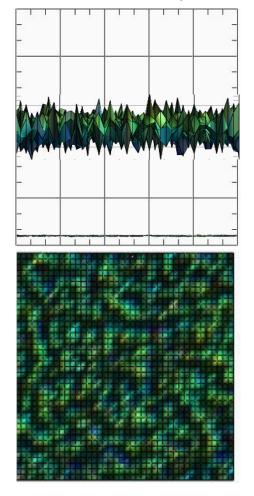
High surface tension solvent. Individual drops. Low surface tension solvent. "Fish Scale Pattern" Overlapping drops



## **Heatmaps of 2d Chemical Scan**



#### Automated Deposition

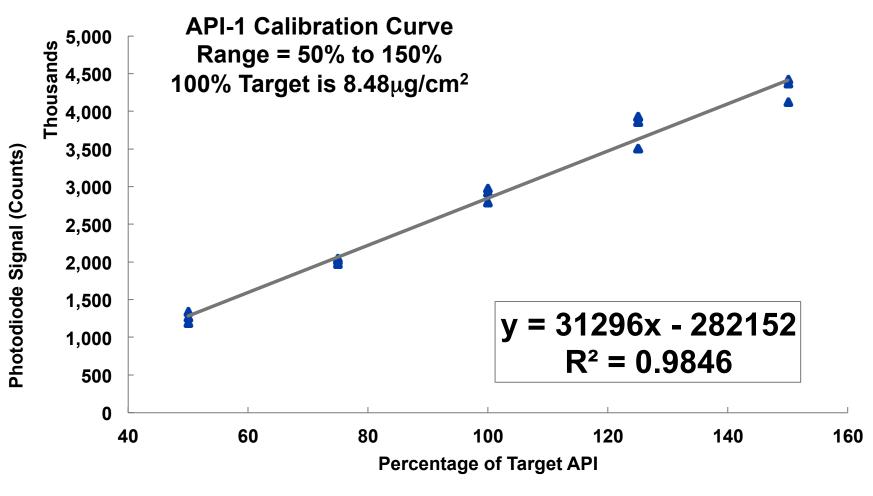




## **ChemCal: A chemical printer & mapper**

- Instrument for surface chemical concentration calibration
  - ✓ Includes a surface chemical printer
    - Produces known chemical concentrations on surfaces.
    - Generates 2D areal concentrations from <1 ng/cm<sup>2</sup> to > 10 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>
    - Can Overlay/interleave 15 different chemicals. (APIs Excipients etc.)
    - Droplet size: 1 50 nL.
    - Multitude of Solvents (Water, Alcohols, Acetonitrile etc.)
    - Uniform chemical deposition.
    - Wide range of substrate surface materials.
    - Able to deposit on a wide range of surface topography (Mesh etc.).
  - $\checkmark$  Includes a chemical mapper to scan the TraC.
  - Enables automatic generation of a chemical concentration curve. Come see this at our booth # 514

## **Automated API concentration calibration**





## TraC-X: Our future "TraCorder"

### Impact on future methods and compliance Fully self-contained sensor with on-board computation and display of chemical concentration. Enabling go/no-go certification of results.

Provides dramatic savings in cost and speed for certification of machine cleanliness compliance.

Other applications: Hot Spot cleaning detection. Trace contamination non production areas (i.e. shipping and receiving).



## The crew

This instrument is the result of a technology development collaboration between Photon Systems and Pfizer

### **Photon Systems:**

Mike Reid Prashant Oswal Quoc Nguyen Kim Sullivan Kripa Sijapati Ray Reid Bill Hug

### **Pfizer PASG:**

Steve Hammond Joep Timmermans Ben Lyons Alan Rhoden Gillian Miller Conor McSweeney Apu Sarwar

